# **2021 CERTIFICATION**

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

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PRINT Public Water System Name

0470001

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

CCR DISTRIBUTION (Check all	boxes that apply)				
INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS (Attach copy of publication, water	bill or other) DATE ISSUED				
□ Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)					
□ On water bill (Attach copy of bill)					
□ Email message (Email the message to the address below)					
□ Other (Describe:					
DIRECT DELIVERY METHOD (Attach copy of publication, water bill	or other) DATE ISSUED				
□ Distributed via U.S. Postal Service					
□ Distributed via E-mail as a URL  (Provide direct URL):					
□ Distributed via Email as an attachment					
□ Distributed via Email as text within the body of email message					
Published in local newspaper (attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)					
Posted in public places (attach list of locations or list here) Byhalia - ZZS Hwy 309 S. Byhalia, MS 38611	Tour Hall - 4-29-22				
Posted online at the following address (Provide direct URL): Www.byhalia-ms.Com	4-29-22				
I hereby certify that the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been preparent the appropriate distribution method(s) based on population served. Furthern is correct and consistent with the water quality monitoring data for sampling of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 40, Part 141.151 – 155.  Samuel Royal Name Title	pared and distributed to its customers in accordance with more, I certify that the information contained in the report				

### SUBMISSION OPTIONS (Select one method ONLY)

You must email or mail a copy of the CCR, Certification, and associated proof of delivery method(s) to the MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply
P.O. Box 1700
Jackson, MS 39215

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

#### 2021 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

Town of Byhalia PWS ID #: 0470001 April 2022



We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide your way. services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Samuel Royal at 662.838.2135. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first and third Tuesdays of each month at 5:30 PM at the Byhalia Town Hall.

Our water source is from wells drawing from the Ripley Formation Aquifer. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the City of Byhalia have received lower to moderate susceptibility rankings to contamination.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2021. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2021, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Level 1 Assessment: A study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

				TEST RES	ULTS				
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure- ment	MCLG		MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contan	ninants							
10. Barium	N	2019*	.0048	.00270048	ppm	2	2	discharge fro	drilling wastes; m metal refineries; tural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2019*	2	1.3 - 2	ррь	100	100		m steel and pulp of natural deposits

14. Copper	N	2018/20*	<u>.</u> 1	0	ppm		1.3	AL=1.	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride**	N	2019*	.738	.663738	ppm		4		4 Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2018/20*	1	0	ppb		0	AL=1	5 Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2019*	180000	No Range	ppb		0	3	Road Salt, Water Treatment     Chemicals, Water Softeners and     Sewage Effluents.
Disinfect	ion By-	Produc	ts						W ====================================
81. HAA5	N	2021	1.24	No Range	ppb	0		60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
Chlorine	N	2021	1	.8 – 1.22	mg/l	0	MD	RL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample. No sample required for 2021.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", our system is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year in which average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 ppm was 12. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 ppm was 100%.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring, or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

Our main goal at the Town of Byhalia is to provide safe drinking water to all our customers. We have done that by monitoring it daily and treating it properly according to the Safe Drinking Water Act. We also assure our water is safe by pulling monthly bacteriological samples as well as many other types of samples to stay in compliance with the Mississippi Department of Health.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Fluoride level is routinely adjusted to the MS State Dept of Health's recommended level of 0.6 - 1.2 mg/l.

# PROOF OF PUBLICATION

## STATE OF MISSISSIPPI MARSHALL COUNTY

Personally appeared	d before me, the undersigned Notary
Public in and for sai	d County and State, Estelle Whitehead,
who, after being dul	ly sworn, deposes and says that she is
the editor of THES	SOUTH REPORTER, a newspaper
published weekly in	the City of Holly Springs, in said
County and State; t	hat said newspaper has been
established in said o	ity for more than 12 months, and has
since its said establi	shment been regularly published in
• .	
Byhalia CCR Re	Nethalia can an
- ·	h is hereto attached, was published for
1 consecutive we	eks in said newspaper as follows:
	" TO APPEN
VOL NO.	DATE
<u>157</u> <u>18</u>	May 5 , 2022
U 2 <del></del>	2022
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Signed: 5th	Whitehea D
Sworn to and subsc	ribed before me this $31$ day of
May, 2022	l (a
	SES STANSFORM

Notary Public

otary Expiration 11-13-2023